

CASE SUMMARY

Case #2011/1353

Complainant: Dog N Suds
401 Sagamore Parkway W.
West Lafayette, Indiana 47906
765-463-5700

Applicator: Kevin Potts
Caddyshack Lawn Care
7936 S. 250 E.
Lafayette, Indiana 47909
765-404-6307

1. On July 27, 2011, I, Agent George N. Saxton of the Office of Indiana State Chemist (OISC), performed an investigation at the complainant's property in response to a claim of injury/damage to non-target trees and shrubs possibly resulting from exposure to the herbicide Imprelis. A Notice of Inspection was issued to Greg Lawson. I observed the following during my on-site investigation:
 - a) Dead honey locusts(see figures #1 & 2).
2. I took the following photos depicting injured/damaged vegetation:



Figure #1



Figure #2

3. I collected the following vegetation samples from visibly impacted non-target vegetation as described in paragraph #1 for examination by the Purdue Plant Pest Diagnostic Laboratory (PPDL).
 - A. Honey locust
4. According to a report from the PPDL, *"The Honeylocust sample showed twisted leaf petioles, defoliation and dead buds. There was no evidence of significant mite or insect injury or disease on the sample submitted. The sample (and pictures) submitted show*

symptoms that are associated with injury caused by synthetic auxin (growth regulator type) herbicides. Typical symptoms caused by these herbicides can include epinasty (twisting and curving) of the leaves or needles, shoot and shoot tip; leaf cupping which can be upward or downward, and in extreme cases, new leaves can be irregular in size and shape (usually smaller than normal) and have abnormal leaf margins. When injury results in new shoot dieback in conifers there will be no regrowth this season, and with certain species, such as Norway spruce, the entire tree can die.”

Tom Creswell

Director, Plant and Pest Diagnostic Lab

Creswell@purdue.edu

5. According to the application information collected from the applicator Imprelis Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 352-793) was applied May 5, 2011, at the rate of 4.5 oz/acre using a Z-sprayer; no application was made to the soil within the drip line of any of the trees or ornamentals; no application was made directly to any exposed roots of any trees or ornamentals.”

Disposition: No violation of the Indiana Pesticide Use and Application Law was documented against the pesticide applicator. Effective September 15, 2011, the Indiana registration for Imprelis Herbicide, EPA Reg. #352-793, was cancelled because it was determined by OISC that the product is “misbranded” (it bears label directions that are inadequate to prevent unreasonable adverse effects to non-target vegetation).



George N. Saxton
Compliance Officer

Final Date: October 21, 2011